

Jesus Carinhas, doing business as Independent Fish Company, Brownsville, Texas, the sum of \$578.35, in full settlement of all claims against the United States for the failure of the Government of the United States to recover from the Government of the United Mexican States compensation for fines imposed on the individuals and the decedent named in this Act by the Government of the United Mexican States and paid by them as the owners of five American shrimp trawlers seized by Mexican authorities outside the territorial waters of the United Mexican States, as recognized by the United States: *Provided*, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act for the payment of any one claim in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with such claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provision of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved September 14, 1960.

### Private Law 86-485

#### AN ACT

For the relief of Guadalupe Villarreal, Junior.

September 14, 1960  
[H. R. 3536]

Legal guardian  
of Guadalupe Vil-  
larreal, Jr.

62 Stat. 982.  
28 USC 2671 et  
seq.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of \$10,000 to the legal guardian of Guadalupe Villarreal, Junior, the minor son of Guadalupe Villarreal, Senior, of Elgin, Texas, in full settlement of all claims of the said Guadalupe Villarreal, Junior, against the United States, arising out of the personal injuries sustained by the said Guadalupe Villarreal, Junior, on July 20, 1955, at the Elgin Butler Brickyard, Elgin, Texas, as a result of the explosion of a 37 millimeter high explosive shell. This claim is not cognizable under the Federal Tort Claims Act: *Provided*, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved September 14, 1960.

### Private Law 86-486

#### AN ACT

For the relief of Jack Kent Cooke.

September 14, 1960  
[H. R. 8156]

Jack K. Cooke.  
66 Stat. 163.  
8 USC 1101 note.

8 USC 1427.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Jack Kent Cooke shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence on September 28, 1950, and to have complied with the residential and physical presence requirements of section 316 of the said Act.

Approved September 14, 1960.